

1. Determine if the following tables represent a function relationship. If so, determine if it's a linear relationship by calculating the **rate of change or slope, y-intercept and equation.**

x	y
3	17
5	9
7	1
9	-7

x	y
2	4
5	25
8	64
11	121

2. Match the graph or equation to the correct description.

Linear Function

Quadratic
FunctionAbsolute Value
FunctionExponential
Function

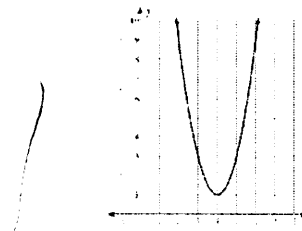
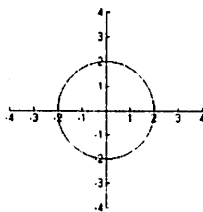
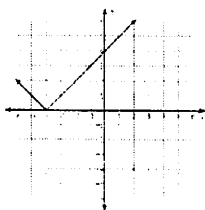
Not a Function

$$y = \frac{3x}{4}$$

$$y + 6 = 2^x$$

$$2^2 = \frac{x}{4} + y$$

$$y^2 = x + 4$$



3. Find the slope and y-intercept of each equation.

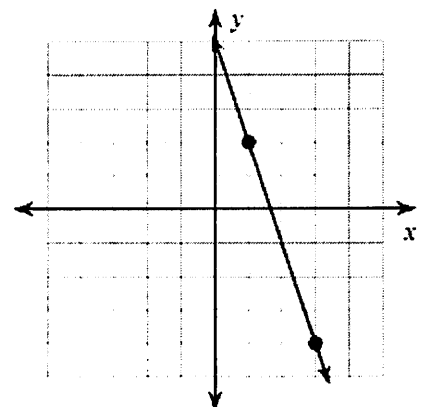
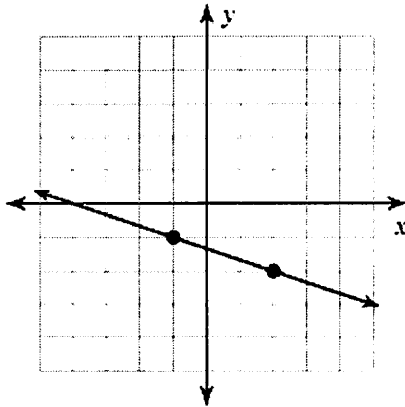
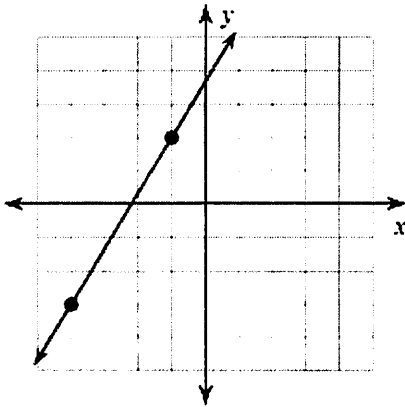
$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 5$$

$$g(x) = -8x + 34$$

$$2y = 2x - 6$$

$$7y - 2x = 35$$

4. Find the Slope of the line on the graph.



5. Calculate the slope of a line given two points and circle the type of linear graph the slope would produce.

(1, 2) and (3, 4)

(-8, 2) and (4, -6)

Uphill

Downhill

Uphill

Downhill

Horizontal

Vertical

Horizontal

Vertical

(17, -13) and (17, 9)

(19, -2) and (-11, 10)

Uphill

Downhill

Uphill

Downhill

Horizontal

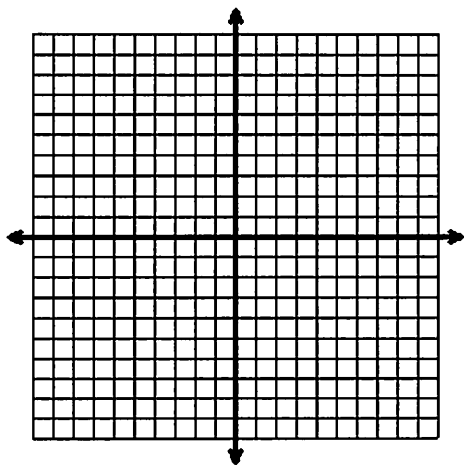
Vertical

Horizontal

Vertical

6. Graph the following equations

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 3$$

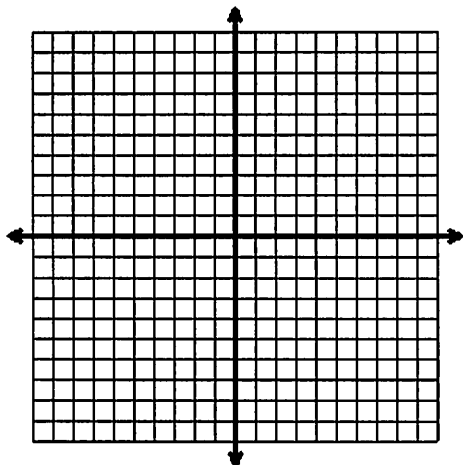


Circle the Coordinates that are on the line.

(-3 , 1) (2 , 5) (-5 , - $\frac{1}{3}$)

Show that ONE works algebraically

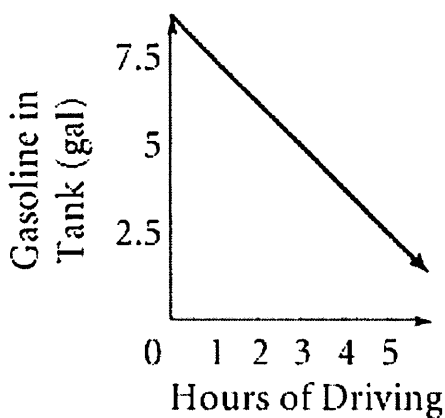
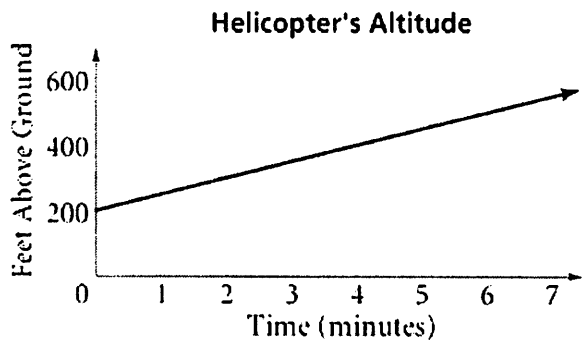
$$4y - 8x = 24$$



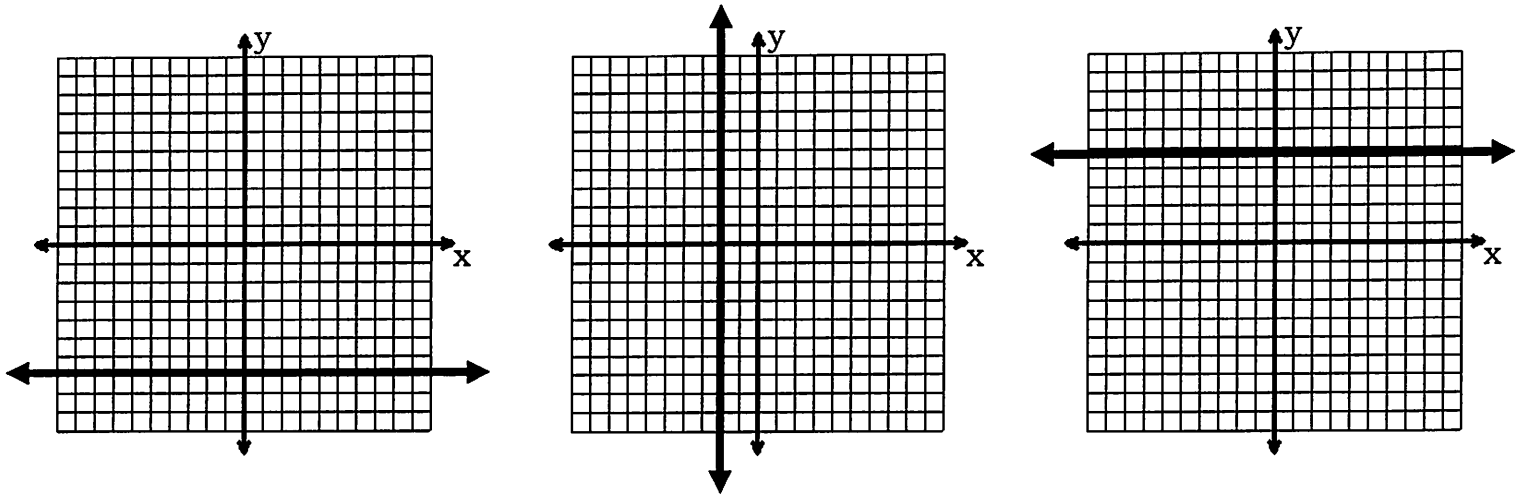
What is the coordinate of the x-intercept?

Is the point (-4, 6) on the line? Justify your answer

7. Determine the linear equation for each of the following graphs.



8. Find or Graph the Equations of each Line

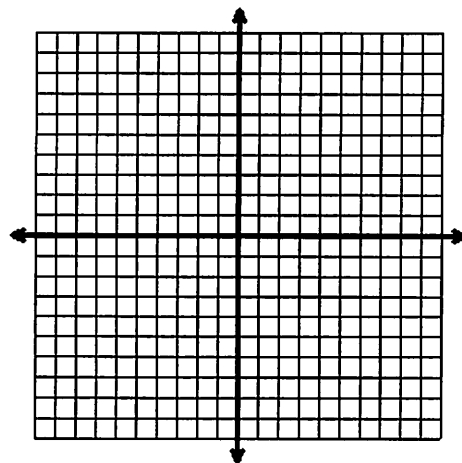


9. What is the y - intercept of the line $y + 3 = 4(x + 3)$?

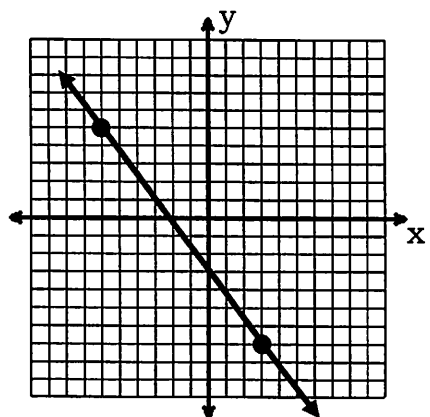
10. Is the point $(4, 11)$ on the line of the equation $y - 5 = 2(x - 1)$?

11. Write the equation in *slope-intercept form* ($y = mx + b$) of a line that passes through the point $(-3, -5)$ and has the same slope as $y + 2 = 7(x + 3)$.

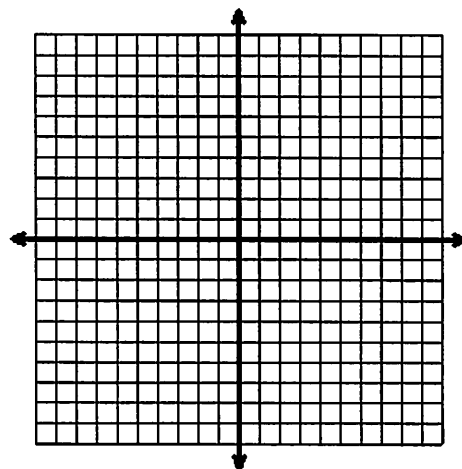
12. Write the equation of a line with a slope of $-\frac{2}{3}$ and that passes through the point $(-6, 7)$.



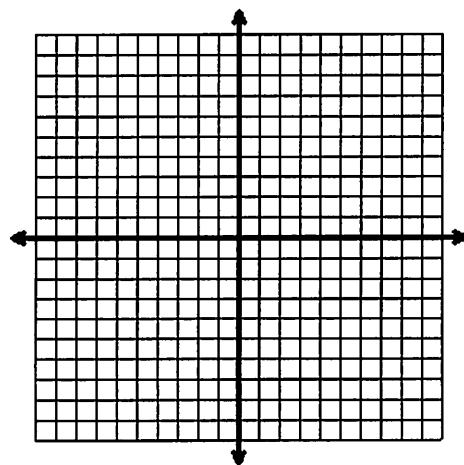
13. Write the equation of the line in the graph below in **point-slope form** and **slope-intercept form**.



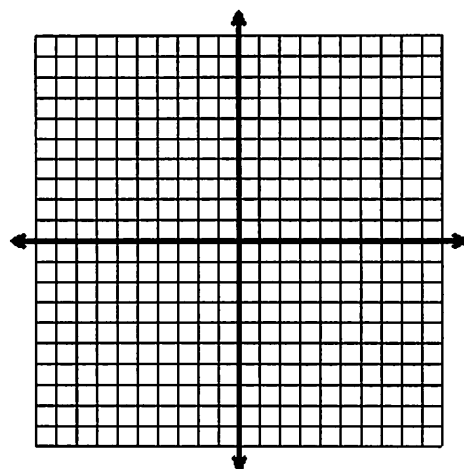
14. Find the equation of the line that passes through $(5, 4)$ and $(-5, 0)$ in slope-intercept form.



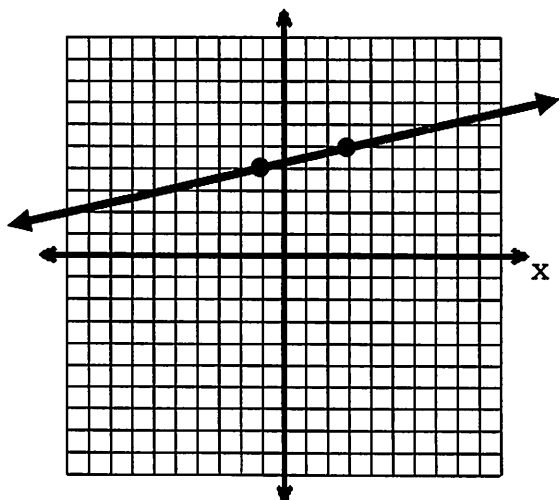
15. Find the equation of the line that passes through $(2, 5)$ and $(-1, -4)$ in point-slope form.



16. Determine if the point $(25, -2)$ is on the line that passes through $(10, -8)$ and $(5, -10)$



17. Graph and write the equation of a line that is **parallel** to the line graphed below.



1. Determine if the following tables represent a function relationship. If so, determine if it's a linear relationship by calculating the **rate of change or slope, y-intercept and equation.**

Function: Yes
Linear: Yes

x	y
3	17
5	9
7	1
9	-7

$m = \frac{-8}{2} = -4$
y-int: (0, 29)

$$y = -4x + 29$$

x	y
2	4
5	25
8	64
11	121

Function: Yes

Linear: No

Not a constant
rate of change $\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$

2. Match the graph or equation to the correct description.

Linear Function

Quadratic
FunctionAbsolute Value
FunctionExponential
Function

Not a Function

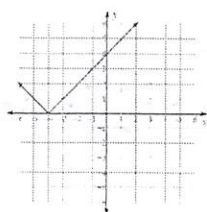
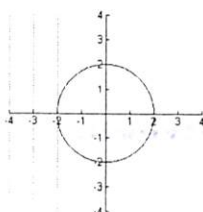
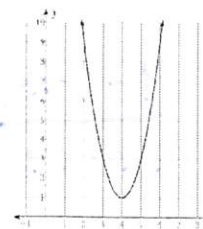
$$y = \frac{3x}{4} \text{ Linear}$$

$$y + 6 = 2^x \text{ Exponential}$$

$$2^2 = \frac{x}{4} + y \text{ Linear}$$

$$\sqrt{y^2} = \sqrt{x+4} \text{ Not A Function}$$

$$y = \pm \sqrt{x+4}$$

Absolute ValueNot A FunctionQuadratic
Function

3. Find the slope and y-intercept of each equation.

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 5$$

$$m = -\frac{1}{4}$$

y-int: (0, 5)

$$g(x) = -8x + 34$$

$$m = -8$$

y-int: (0, 34)

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{2x-6}{2}$$

$$y = x - 3$$

$$m = 1$$

y-int: (0, -3)

$$7y - 2x = 35$$

$$+2x + 2x$$

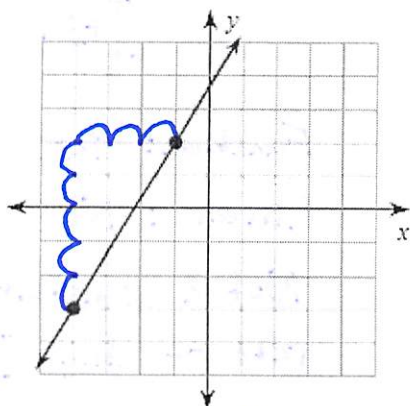
$$\frac{7y}{7} = \frac{2x+35}{7}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{7}x + 5$$

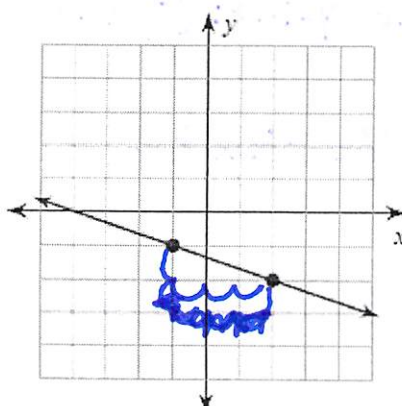
$$m = \frac{2}{7}$$

y-int: (0, 5)

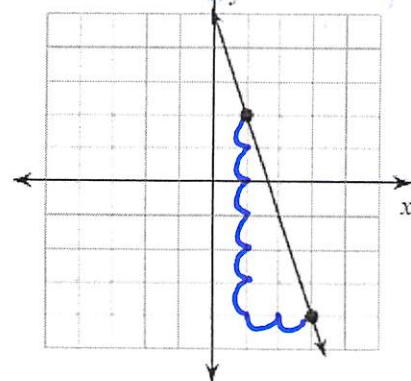
4. Find the Slope of the line on the graph.



$$m = \frac{5}{3}$$



$$m = -\frac{1}{3}$$



$$m = -\frac{6}{2} = -3$$

5. Calculate the slope of a line given two points and circle the type of linear graph the slope would produce.

$$\begin{matrix} x_1 & y_1 & x_2 & y_2 \\ (1, 2) & & (3, 4) \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{4-2}{3-1} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

Uphill

Downhill

Horizontal

Vertical

$$\begin{matrix} x_1 & y_1 & x_2 & y_2 \\ (17, -13) & & (17, 9) \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{9 - (-13)}{17 - 17} = \frac{22}{0} \Rightarrow \text{undefined}$$

Uphill

Downhill

Horizontal

Vertical

$$\begin{matrix} x_1 & y_1 & x_2 & y_2 \\ (-8, 2) & & (4, -6) \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{-6-2}{4-(-8)} = \frac{-8}{12} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

Uphill

Downhill

Horizontal

Vertical

$$\begin{matrix} x_1 & y_1 & x_2 & y_2 \\ (19, -2) & & (-11, 10) \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{10 - (-2)}{-11 - 19} = \frac{12}{-30} = -\frac{2}{5}$$

Uphill

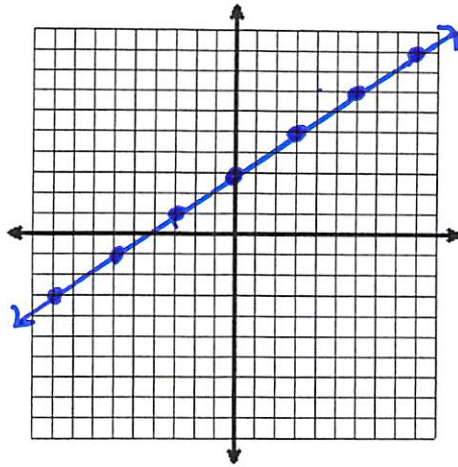
Downhill

Horizontal

Vertical

6. Graph the following equations

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 3$$



Circle the Coordinates that are on the line.

$(-3, 1)$

$(2, 5)$

$(-5, -\frac{1}{3})$

Show that ONE works algebraically

$$-\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}(-5) + 3$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} = -\frac{10}{3} + \frac{9}{3}$$

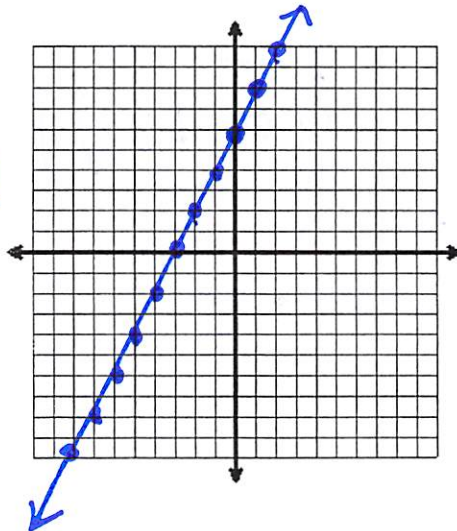
$$-\frac{1}{3} = -\frac{1}{3} \checkmark$$

$$4y - 8x = 24$$

$$+8x \quad +8x$$

$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{8x + 24}{4}$$

$$y = 2x + 6$$



What is the coordinate of the x-intercept?

$(-4, 0)$

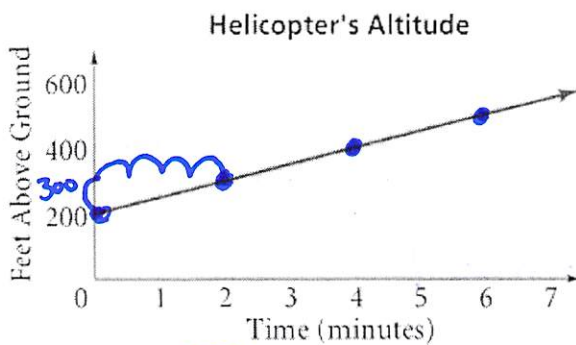
Is the point $(-4, 6)$ on the line? Justify your answer

$$4(6) - 8(-4) \stackrel{?}{=} 24$$

$$24 + 32 \stackrel{?}{=} 24$$

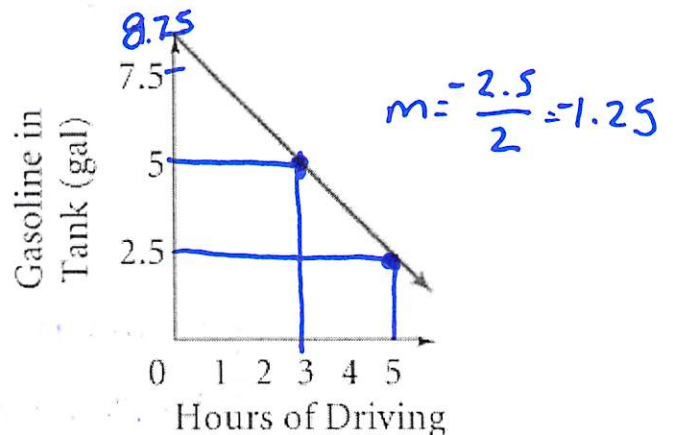
$$54 \neq 24 \quad \text{No!}$$

7. Determine the linear equation for each of the following graphs.



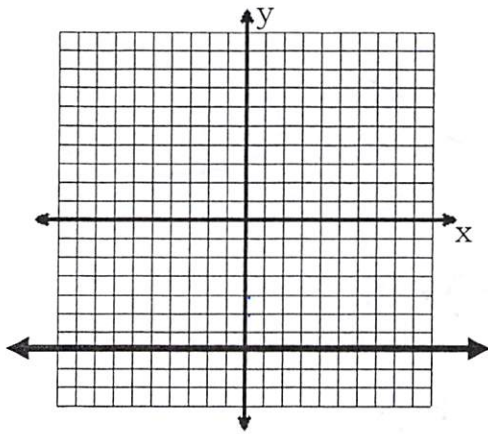
$$m = \frac{100}{2} = 50$$

$$y = 50x + 200$$

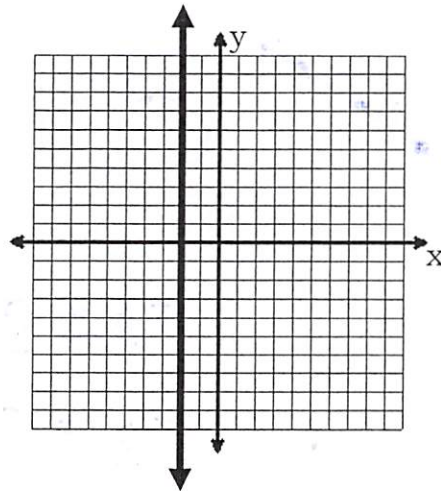


$$y = -1.25x + 8.75$$

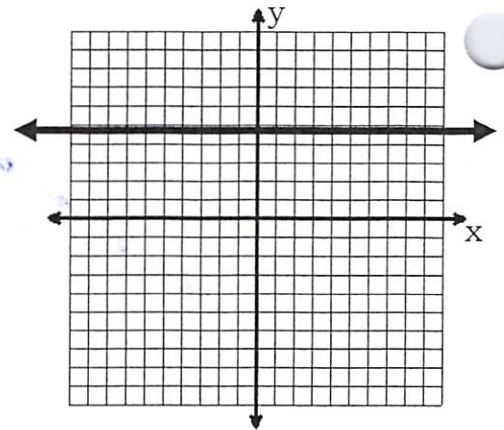
8. Find or Graph the Equations of each Line



$$y = -7$$



$$x = -3$$



$$y = 5$$

9. What is the y -intercept of the line $y+3=4(x+3)$?

$$(0, \boxed{9})$$

$$y+3=4(0+3)$$

$$y+3=12$$

$$y=9$$

10. Is the point $(4, 11)$ on the line of the equation $y-5=2(x-1)$?

$$11-5=2(4-1)$$

$$6=2(3)$$

$$6=6 \checkmark$$

Yes

11. Write the equation in *slope-intercept form* ($y=mx+b$) of a line that passes through the point $(-3, -5)$ and has the same slope as $y+2=7(x+3)$.

$$\leftarrow m=7$$

$$y=mx+b$$

$$-5=7(-3)+b$$

$$-5 \pm -21 + b$$

$$16=b$$

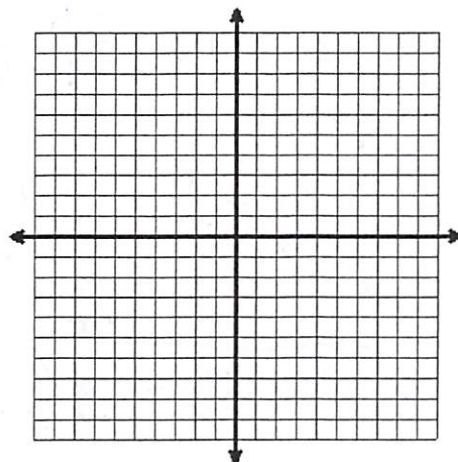
$$\boxed{y=7x+16}$$

12. Write the equation of a line with a slope of $-\frac{2}{3}$ and that passes through the point $(-6, 7)$.

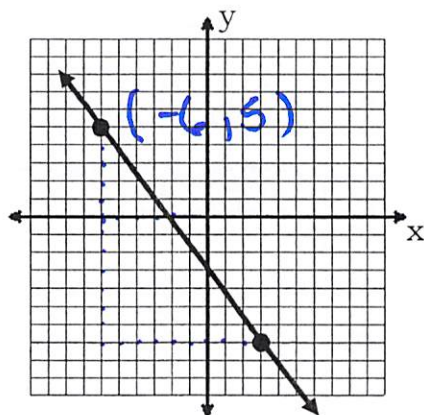
$$y - 7 = -\frac{2}{3}(x + 6)$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} y - 7 & = & -\frac{2}{3}x - 4 \\ +7 & & +7 \end{array}$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 3$$



13. Write the equation of the line in the graph below in **point-slope form** and **slope-intercept form**.



$$m = \frac{-12}{9} = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$y - 5 = -\frac{4}{3}(x + 6)$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} y - 5 & = & -\frac{4}{3}x - 8 \\ +5 & & +5 \end{array}$$

$$y = -\frac{4}{3}x - 3$$

14. Find the equation of the line that passes through $(5, 4)$ and $(-5, 0)$ in slope-intercept form.

$$m = \frac{0 - 4}{-5 - 5} = \frac{-4}{-10} = \frac{2}{5}$$

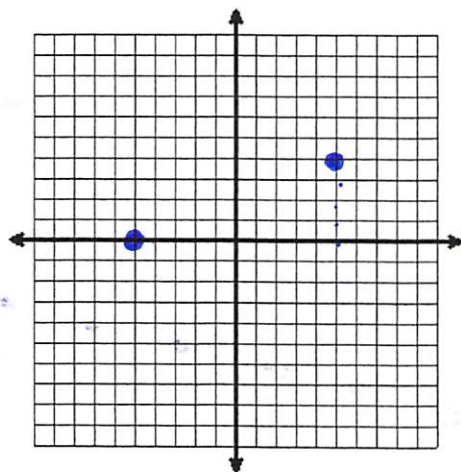
$$y = mx + b$$

$$0 = \frac{2}{5}(-5) + b$$

$$0 = -2 + b$$

$$2 = b$$

$$y = \frac{2}{5}x + 2$$



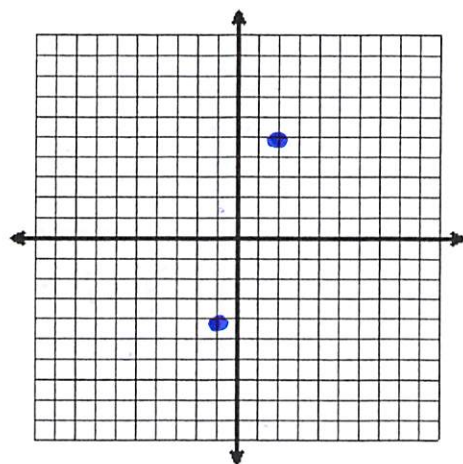
15. Find the equation of the line that passes through (2, 5) and (-1, -4) in point-slope form.

$$m = \frac{-4-5}{-1-2} = \frac{-9}{-3} = 3$$

$$y - 5 = 3(x - 2)$$

or

$$y + 4 = 3(x + 1)$$



16. Determine if the point (25, -2) is on the line that passes through (10, -8) and (5, -10)

$$m = \frac{-10 - (-8)}{5 - 10} = \frac{-2}{-5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$y + 10 = \frac{2}{5}(x - 5)$$

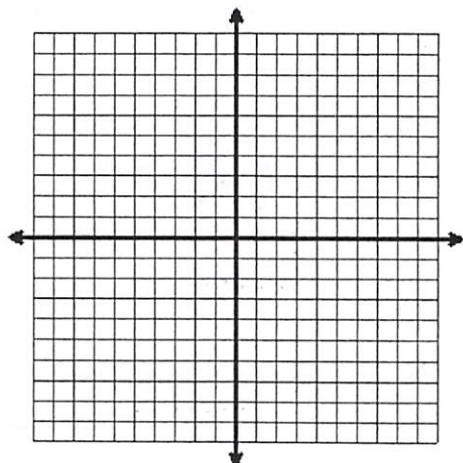
$$(25, -2)$$

$$-2 + 10 = \frac{2}{5}(25 - 5)$$

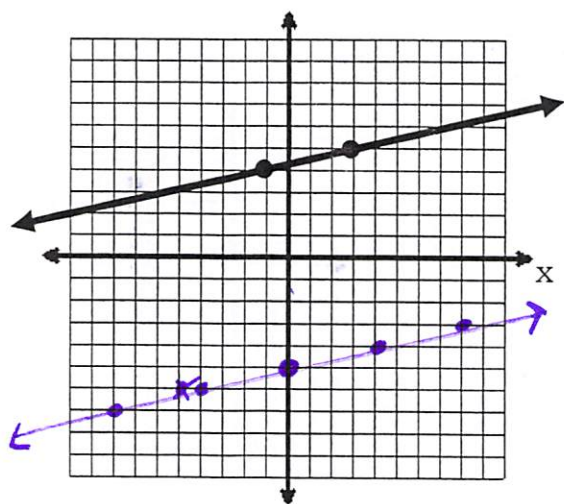
$$8 = \frac{2}{5}(20)$$

$$8 = 8 \checkmark$$

Yes it is
on the
line



17. Graph and write the equation of a line that is **parallel** to the line graphed below.



$$m = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{4}x - 5$$